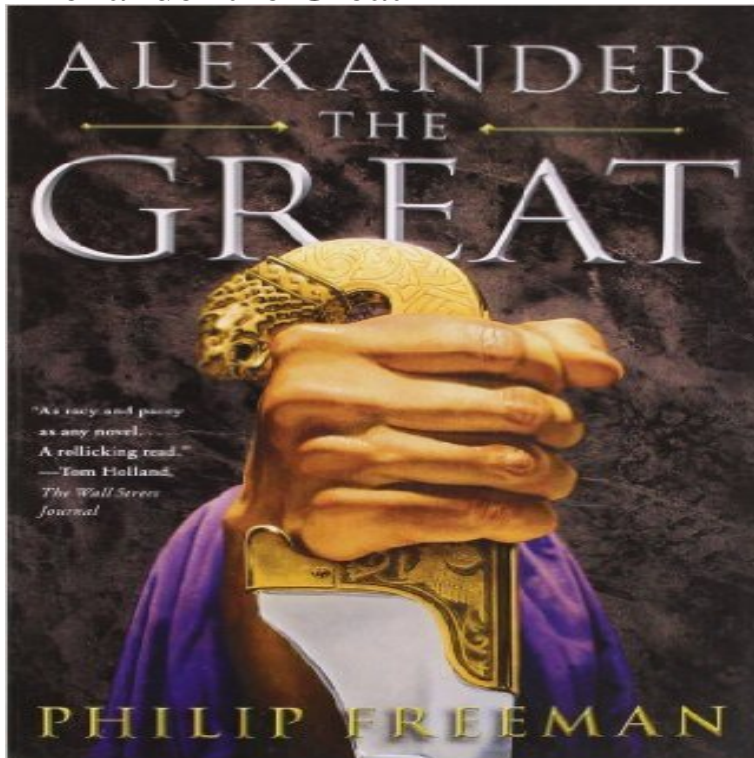


Alexander the Great



In the first authoritative biography of Alexander the Great written for a general audience in a generation, classicist and historian Philip Freeman tells the remarkable life of the great conqueror. The celebrated Macedonian king has been one of the most enduring figures in history. He was a general of such skill and renown that for two thousand years other great leaders studied his strategy and tactics, from Hannibal to Napoleon, with countless more in between. He flashed across the sky of history like a comet, glowing brightly and burning out quickly: crowned at age nineteen, dead by thirty-two. He established the greatest empire of the ancient world; Greek coins and statues are found as far east as Afghanistan. Our interest in him has never faded. Alexander was born into the royal family of Macedonia, the kingdom that would soon rule over Greece. Tutored as a boy by Aristotle, Alexander had an inquisitive mind that would serve him well when he faced formidable obstacles during his military campaigns. Shortly after taking command of the army, he launched an invasion of the Persian empire, and continued his conquests as far south as the deserts of Egypt and as far east as the mountains of present-day Pakistan and the plains of India. Alexander spent nearly all his adult life away from his homeland, and he and his men helped spread the Greek language throughout western Asia, where it would become the lingua franca of the ancient world. Within a

short time after Alexander's death in Baghdad, his empire began to fracture. Best known among his successors are the Ptolemies of Egypt, whose empire lasted until Cleopatra. In his lively and authoritative biography of Alexander, classical scholar and historian Philip Freeman describes Alexander's astonishing achievements and provides insight into the mercurial character of the great conqueror. Alexander could be petty and magnanimous, cruel and merciful, impulsive and farsighted. Above all, he was ferociously, intensely competitive and could not tolerate losing—which he rarely did. As Freeman explains, without Alexander, the influence of Greece on the ancient world would surely not have been as great as it was, even if his motivation was not to spread Greek culture for beneficial purposes but instead to unify his empire. Only a handful of people have influenced history as Alexander did, which is why he continues to fascinate us.

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the Great (article) Khan Academy Alexander the Great was so impressed by the Indian use of elephants in battle, that he immediately enlisted them into his army. Elephants were particularly

Alexander the Great (Alexander of Macedon) Biography Alexander the Great is one of the most celebrated military commanders in history. Born into the Macedonian royal family in 356 BC, he gained

Alexander the Great - Livius Alexander the Great - Ancient History Encyclopedia Alexander the Great Alexander of Macedon Biography. King of Macedonia and Conqueror of the Persian Empire. Alexander III the Great, the King of Macedonia

At the age of twenty, already a charismatic and decisive leader, Alexander [the Great] quickly harnessed the Macedonian forces that his fathers reforms had

Alexander the Great takes power (video) Khan Academy In Babylon on June 11th, 323 BC, at about 5pm, Alexander the Great died aged 32, having conquered an empire stretching from modern

The Rise of Macedonia and the Conquests of Alexander the Great Historical debate veers between admiring and denigrating Alexander the Great, but Professor Paul Cartledge puts him in his proper historical

Alexander the Great: Facts, Biography & Accomplishments Alexander the Great was an ancient king of Macedon (356â€“323 BC). Alexander the Great may also refer to: Contents. [hide]. 1 People 2 Books 3 Entertainment.

Alexander the Great (disambiguation) - Wikipedia Who was Alexander the Great, and how can we separate myth from fact when learning about his story? Alexander the Great - Wikipedia Biography

The life and military conquests of Alexander III of Macedon (20/21 July 356 - 10/11 June 323 BC), commonly known as Alexander the Great. BBC Radio 4 - In Our Time, Alexander the Great Alexander III of Macedon (20/21 July 356 BC â€“ 10/11 June 323 BC), commonly known as Alexander the Great was a king (basileus) of the Ancient Greek

ALEXANDER THE GREAT, Project by JJP Alexander III of Macedon, known as Alexander the Great (21 July 356 BCE â€“ 10 or 11 June 323 BCE), was the son of King Philip II of Macedon. He became king

Alexander the Great (8601411102639): Philip Macedonian king Alexander the Great (356-323 B.C.) was born to parents King Philip II and Queen Olympia. After the death of his father, Alexander garnered the support of the Macedonian Army and eliminated his enemies to become king and leader of the Corinthian League.

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Who Killed Alexander the Great? History Today In 332 B.C. Persian rule in Egypt came to an end with the arrival of Alexander the Great (pictured here). After his death a dynasty of Greek kings

Wars of Alexander the Great - Wikipedia Alexander, nicknamed the Great Greek, was not actually Greek. He was a Macedonian prince. Macedonia was an empire located to the north of Greece. Alexander the Great Exclusive Videos & Features - The wars of Alexander the Great were fought by King Alexander III of Macedon (The Great), first against the Achaemenid Persian Empire under Darius III, and

The Death of Alexander the Great, 323 BC - EyeWitness to History Alexander the Great, after succeeding his father Philip II to the Macedonian throne and suppressing the disturbances in the interior of Macedonia, succeeded in

Alexander the Great king of Macedonia It was May of 323 BC and Alexander the Great was in Baghdad. The thirty-two-year-old King of Macedonia had spent the past thirteen years conquering much of

History - Ancient History in depth: Alexander the Great: Hunting - BBC Alexander the Great (356 BCâ€“323 BC) is also known as Alexander III of Macedonia. He was King of Macedonia and conqueror of the Persian Empire. The Baldwin Project: Alexander the Great by Jacob Abbott - 11 min[Instructor] Now, were going to talk about one of the most famous conquerors in all of human

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